ANALYSIS ON THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PRODUCTION WICHTENS KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS, AND ATTITUDE TOWNARDS SAFETY AND HEALTH ACCIDENTS ON SELECTED MAINDFACTURING COMPANIES IN TAECE MARTINES CITY, CALVITE

THESIS

EMILINE GRACE B. LOYOLA.
HERLEME L. MONTENEGRO

College of Engineering and Information Technology

CAVITE STATE UNIVERSITY

Indans, Cavite



April 2015

ANALYSIS ON THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PRODUCTION WORKERS' KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS, AND ATTITUDE TOWARDS SAFETY AND HEALTH ACCIDENTS ON SELECTED MANUFACTURING COMPANIES IN TRECE MARTIRES CITY, CAVITE

Undergraduate Thesis
Submitted to the Faculty of the
College of Engineering and Information Technology
Cavite State University
Indang, Cavite

In partial fulfilmentofthe requirements for the degree Bachelor of Science in Industrial Engineering



Analysis on the relationship between production workers knowledge, skills, and 368.4 L95 2015
T-6308

EMILINE GRACE B. LOYOLA HERLENE L. MONTENEGRO April 2015

ABSTRACT

LOYOLA, EMILINE GRACE B. and MONTENEGRO, HERLENE L. Analysis on the Relationship between Production Workers' Knowledge, Skills, and Attitude towards Safety and Health Accidents on Selected Manufacturing Companies in Trece Martires City, Cavite. Undergraduate Thesis.Bachelor of Science in Industrial Engineering. Cavite State University, Indang, Cavite. April 2015. Adviser: Ms. Mary Joyce P. Alcazar.

The study primarily aimed to analyze the relationship between production workers' knowledge, skills, and attitude towards safety and health accidents on selected companies in Trece Martires City, Cavite. The study was conducted at selected manufacturing companies in Trece Martires City, Cavite from November 2013 to March 2015.

Data was gathered using survey questionnaires. A total of 105 production workers were the participants of the study. The 27 out of 105 production workers were from Network Trade Philippines International Inc. (Metal Industry), 24 from Netpak Philippines Inc. (Packaging Industry), while remaining 54 were from Sustamina - Cavite Feeds Corporation (Feeds Milling Industry).

The results obtained from the questionnaires were tallied and organized to prepare data to be encoded to the application software. Statistical Package for Social Sciences (SPSS) was used to determine the procedure to execute the data for which it was needed. Gamma and Somers' D were used in correlation analysis to determine the relationship between two variables. The data was treated fairly and was resourced to necessary processes to comply with the objectives of the study.

The correlation analysis revealed that the production workers' knowledge, skills, and attitudes were not necessarily affected safety and health accidents inside the production area. In order to prevent accidents in the production area, the proponents recommend the management of each company to provide training to all the employees especially to the production workers about occupational safety and health such as refresher training not only induction or orientation training but enough and proper safety equipment, orientation on safety equipment, 5S or proper housekeeping, lighting, and industrial hygiene, strict supervision in terms of safety and health guidelines and rules, strict adherence to regulations especially in monitoring of wearing personal protective equipment and sort of motivation like rewards for the employee for complying with zero accident for the whole month.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
TITLE PAGE	i
APPROVAL SHEET	ii
BIOGRAPHICAL DATA	iii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	v
ABSTRACT	vii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	ix
LIST OF TABLES	xii
LIST OF FIGURES	xvii
LIST OF APPENDICES	xviii
LIST OF APPENDIX TABLES	xix
INTRODUCTION	1
Statement of the Problem	4
Objectives of the Study	4
Importance of the Study	5
Conceptual Framework	6
Time and Place of the Study	7
Scope and Limitations of the Study	7
Definition of Terms	7
REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE	9
	,

METHODOLOGY	19
Research Design	19
Sources of Data	19
Data Gathering Procedure	20
Data Analysis	21
Statistical Treatment	22
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	25
Demographic profile of the participants	25
Gender of the participants	25
Age of the participants	26
Educational Attainment of the participants	27
Number of years in the company of the participants	29
Employment status of the participants	30
Number of working hours of the participants	32
Work position of the participants	33
Level of production workers' knowledge, skills, and attitude towards	
safety and health accidents	34
Level of production workers' knowledge towards safety and	
health accidents	35
Level of production workers' skills towards safety and health	
accidents	42
Level of production workers' attitude towards safety and health	
accidents	50
	~ ~ ~

Encountered accidents of the production workers inside the selected	
manufacturing companies	59
Demographic data of the participants' relationship with their	
knowledge, skills and attitude towards safety and health	
accidents	61
Relationship between production workers' knowledge, skills and	
attitude towards safety and health accidents	76
SUMMARY, CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	77
Summary	77
Conclusion	80
Recommendations	81
LITERATURE CITED	82
APPENDICES	83

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
1	Location and population size of the selected companies	20
2	Somers' D Criteria	24
3	Gender of the participants on selected manufacturing companies	26
4	Age of the participants on selected manufacturing companies	27
5	Educational attainment of the participants on selected manufacturing	
	companies in Trece Martires City, Cavite	29
6	Number of years in the company of the participants on selected	
	manufacturing companies in Trece Martires City, Cavite	30
7	Employment status of the participants on selected manufacturing	
	companies in Trece Martires City, Cavite	31
8	Number of working hours of the participants on selected manufacturing	
	companies in Trece Martires City, Cavite	32
9	Work position of the participants on selected manufacturing companies in	
	Trece Martires City, Cavite	34
10	Frequency of production workers' knowledge about safety and health	
	accidents	35
11	Frequency of production workers' knowledge about safety signs	36
12	Frequency of production workers' knowledge about fire extinguisher	37
13	Frequency of production workers' knowledge about material safety data	
	sheet	38

14	Frequency of production workers' knowledge about workers' right	38
15	Frequency of production workers' knowledge about obligation as a	
	worker	39
16	Frequency of production workers' knowledge about accident	
	prevention	40
17	Frequency of production workers' knowledge about safety and health	
	regulations	41
18	Frequency of production workers' knowledge about existing hazards in	
	the firm	41
19	Level of production workers' knowledge on personal protective	
	equipment	42
20	Level of production workers' skills on using personal protective	
	equipment	43
21	Level of production workers' skills in handling	44
22	Level of production workers' skills in considering safety issues in the	
	workplace	44
23	Level of production workers' skills in acting in accordance with safety	
	principles in the workplace	45
24	Level of production workers' skills to protect themselves and others at	
	work	46
25	Level of production workers' skills in solving health and safety	
	problems	47

26	Level of production workers' skills in recognizing what to do to protect	
	health and safety at work	48
27	Level of production workers' skills in safety practice	48
28	Level of production workers' skills about handling health and safety	
	issues	49
29	Level of production workers' skills on being attentive while in work	50
30	Production workers' attitude on following safety and health rules and	
	regulations	51
31	Production workers' attitude on using personal protective equipment	51
32	Production workers' attitude on removing personal protective equipment	
	during production	52
33	Production workers' attitude on reporting to the supervisor of faults/	
	conditions involving a risk for the workers	53
34	Production workers' attitude on warning other workers about health and	
	safety risks at the workplace	54
35	Production workers' attitude on asking information regarding health and	
	safety at the workplace	55
36	Production workers' attitude on get in contact with safety and health	
	committee/representative for health and safety problems	56
37	Production workers' attitude on asking questions when in doubt about	
	workplace hazards	57
38	Production workers' attitude on telling co-worker to wear personal	-
	protective equipment properly if their caught not using it	50

39	Production workers' attitude on consulting/asking others if can't fix	
	safety hazards	58
40	Determining if the production workers have encountered accidents in the	
	production area on selected manufacturing companies in Trece	
	Martires City, Cavite	59
41	Encountered accidents by the production workers' at selected	
	manufacturing companies in Trece Martires City, Cavite	61
42	Age of the participants vs. not removing personal protective equipment	
	during production	63
43	Educational attainment vs. know what to do when accident or incident	
	occur (first aid)	64
44	Educational attainment vs. solving health and safety problems	65
45	Number of years in company vs. using personal protective	
	equipment	67
46	Number of working hours vs. using of knowledge on safety signs	68
47	Number of working hours vs. using of knowledge on material safety data	
	sheet	69
48	Number of working hours vs. using of knowledge on obligation as a	
	worker	70
49	Number of working hours vs. using of knowledge on accident	
	prevention	71
50	Number of working hours vs. taken on board the safety issues in the	-
	workplace	7 2
		1.2

51	Number of working hours vs. confidence on acting in accordance with	
	safety principles in the workplace	73
52	Number of working hours vs. confident that other people they work with	
	know what to do to protect health and safety at work	74
53	Number of working hours vs. thinking about safety	75
54	Number of working hours vs. following safety and health rules and	
	regulations	76
55	Asking questions when in doubt about workplace hazard vs. encountered	
	accident/s in the production area	76

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure		Page
1	Conceptual framework of the study	6
2	Flow diagram for the analysis on the relationship between production	
	workers' knowledge, skills, and attitude towards safety and health	
	accidents on selected manufacturing companies in Trece Martires	
	City, Cavite	21

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix		Page
1	Appendix Table	85
2	Letter to the companies	103
3	Questionnaire	107
4	Forms	111

LIST OF APPENDIX TABLES

Appendix Table		Page
1	Summary of the level of production workers' knowledge	
	towards safety and health accidents	86
2	Summary of the level of production workers' skills towards	
	safety and health accidents	86
3	Summary of the level of production workers' attitude	
	towards safety and health accidents	87
4	Correlation matrix between production workers'	
	demographic profile and knowledge towards safety	
	health of selected manufacturing companies	88
5	Correlation matrix between production workers'	
	demographic profile and skills towards safety health of	
	selected manufacturing companies	89
6	Correlation matrix between production workers'	
	demographic profile and attitude towards safety health	
	of selected manufacturing companies	90
7	Correlation matrix between production workers' knowledge	
	and safety and health accidents of selected	
	manufacturing companies	91
8	Correlation matrix between production workers' skills and	71
	safety and health accidents of selected manufacturing	

	companies	92
9	Correlation matrix between production workers' attitude and	
	safety towards health accidents of selected	
	manufacturing companies	93
10	Correlation matrix between production workers'	
	demographic profile and knowledge towards safety	
	health of packaging industry in Trece Martires City,	
	Cavite	94
11	Correlation matrix between production workers'	
	demographic profile and skills towards safety health of	
	packaging industry in Trece Martires City,	
	Cavite	95
12	Correlation matrix between production workers'	
	demographic profile and towards safety health of	
	packaging industry in Trece Martires City,	
13	Cavite	96
	Correlation matrix between production workers'	
	demographic profile and knowledge towards safety	
	health of metal industry in Trece Martires City,	
14	Cavite	97
	Correlation matrix between production workers'	
	demographic profile and skills towards safety health of	
	metal industry in Trece Martires City in Trece Martires	
	J 11000 Ividities	

15	City, Cavite	8
	Correlation matrix between production workers'	
	demographic profile and attitude towards safety health	
	of metal industry in Trece Martires City, Cavite 9	9
16	Correlation matrix between production workers'	
	demographic profile and knowledge towards safety	
	health of feeds milling industry in Trece Martires City,	
	Cavite 10	00
17	Correlation matrix between production workers'	
	demographic profile and skills towards safety health of	
	feeds milling industry in Trece Martires City,	
	Cavite 10	01
18	Correlation matrix between production workers'	
	demographic profile and attitude towards safety health	
	of feeds milling industry in Trece Martires City,	
	Cavite 1	02

ANALYSIS ON THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PRODUCTION WORKERS' KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS, AND ATTITUDE TOWARDS SAFETY AND HEALTH ACCIDENTS ON SELECTED MANUFACTURING COMPANIES IN TRECE MARTIRES CITY, CAVITE

Emiline Grace B. Loyola Herlene L. Montenegro

An undergraduate thesis submitted to the faculty of the Department of Industrial Engineering and Technology, College of Engineering and Information Technology, Cavite State University, Indang, Cavite in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Industrial Engineering. Contribution number. <u>CEIT-2014-15-045</u>. Prepared under the supervision of Ms. Mary Joyce P. Alcazar.

INTRODUCTION

The workers have the right to a safe workplace. The Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (OSH Act) was passed to prevent workers from being killed or seriously harmed at work. The law requires employers to provide their employees with working conditions that are free of known dangers. The Act created the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), which sets and enforces protective workplace safety and health standards. OSHA also provides information, training and assistance to workers and employers. Workers may file a complaint to have OSHA inspect their workplace if they believe that their employer is not following OSHA standards or that there are serious hazards (OSHA, 2014).

Heinrich (1959), as cited by Idirimanna and Jayawardena (2011) brought up a theory indicating that the most important factor in industrial accidents is unsafe behavior. He suggests that for every 330 unsafe acts, 29 will result in minor injuries and one in a major or lost time incident. Other studies confirmed his theory and made experts