

**INFLUENCE OF VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS ON EMPLOYEES'
EFFICIENCY, JOB ATTITUDE, AND OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY
IN SELECTED MANUFACTURING
COMPANIES IN CAVITE**

Undergraduate Thesis
Submitted to the Faculty of the
College of Economics, Management and Development Studies
Cavite State University
Indang, Cavite

In partial fulfillment
of the requirements for the degree
Bachelor of Science in Business Management

JESSICA P. DILOY
BARBARA ANN H. MANNING
ACE JOSEPH Q. VILLALOBOS
June 2018

ABSTRACT

DILOY, JESSICA P., MANNING, BARBARA ANN H., VILLALOBOS, ACE JOSEPH Q. **Influence of Video Surveillance Systems on Employees' Efficiency, Job Attitude, and Occupational Safety in Selected Manufacturing Companies in Cavite.** Undergraduate Thesis. Bachelor of Science in Business Management. Cavite State University, Indang, Cavite. June 2018. Adviser: Betsy Rose S. Fidel.

This study was conducted in order to determine the influence of video surveillance systems on employees' efficiency, job attitude, and occupational safety in selected manufacturing companies in Cavite. Specifically, the study aimed to: (a) describe the socio - demographic profile of employees in selected manufacturing companies in Cavite; (b) determine the perceived influence of video surveillance on employees' efficiency, job attitude, and occupational safety; (c) determine the location of video surveillance in the selected manufacturing companies; (d) determine the perception of the employees on the importance of installation and implementation of video surveillance; (e) determine if there is a significant relationship between influence of video surveillance on employees and perception of employees on video surveillance; and (f) determine if there is a significant difference on perception of employees on video surveillance according to their age, sex, work status and years of service.

Data were collected with the use of survey questionnaires. Participants of the study were the employees of selected electronic manufacturing companies in Cavite. Weighted mean, percentage, standard deviation, and Pearson Correlation were used.

Results showed that the perception of employees in the installation of video surveillance system according to sex has no significant difference. It also showed that the perception of employees on influence of video surveillance on their efficiency, job

attitude, and occupational safety; and the importance of installation and implementation of video surveillance systems had no influence on each other and all interpret a significant relationship.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
BIOGRAPHICAL DATA.....	iii
ACKNOWLEDGMENT.....	vi
ABSTRACT.....	viii
LIST OF TABLES.....	xii
LIST OF APPENDICES.....	xiv
INTRODUCTION.....	1
Statement of the Problem.....	2
Objectives of the Study.....	4
Hypotheses.....	4
Significance of the Study.....	5
Time and Place of the Study.....	5
Scope and Limitations of the Study.....	5
Definition of Terms.....	6
Conceptual Framework.....	8
REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE.....	10
METHODOLOGY.....	25
Research Design.....	25
Sources of Data.....	25
Participants of the Study.....	26
Sampling Technique.....	26

Data Gathered.....	27
Statistical Treatment of Data.....	32
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION.....	33
Socio Demographic Profile of the Participants.....	33
Influence of Video Surveillance on Employees' Efficiency.....	35
Job Attitude, and Occupational Safety	
Location of Video Surveillance Systems.....	40
Perception of the Employees on the Importance of Installation and Implementation of Video Surveillance.....	41
Relationship between Influence of Video Surveillance on Employee and Perception of Employee on Video Surveillance.....	44
Difference on the Perception of Employees on Surveillance According to Socio Demographic Profile.....	45
SUMMARY, CONCLUSION, AND RECOMMENDATION.....	51
Summary.....	51
Conclusion.....	52
Recommendations.....	53
REFERENCES.....	55
APPENDICES.....	60