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SUGARCANE FARMING IN
CALACA, BATANGAS

THESIS

Mario Rom Norcio

Don Severino Agricultural College
Indang, Cavite
April, 1977

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INDANG, CAVITE

MARIO DOMNORCIO

1977.222

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SUGARCANE FARMING IN

CALACA, BATANGAS

A Thesis

Presented to the Faculty of the
Don Severino Agricultural College
Indang, Cavite

APPROVED:

240

In Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements

for Graduation with the Degree of

Bachelor of Science in Agriculture

(Major in Agricultural Economics.)



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Sugarcane farming in Calaca, Batangas
338.17361 N75 1977
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are introduced by **SUGARCANE FARMING IN**

CALACA, BATANGAS^{1/}

by

MARIO ROM NORCIO

Thesis presented to the faculty of the Don

Soverino Agricultural College, Indang, Cavite in partial fulfillment of the requirements for graduation with the degree of Bachelor of Science in Agriculture, (BSA), Major in Agricultural Economics, Contribution No. -77005-001. Prepared under the supervision of Ms. Carolina S. Saga.

In view of this a letter

INTRODUCTION

of some possible causes is

Sugarcane (Saccharum officinarum)L.) is widely grown in many provinces of the Philippines. This is one of the leading crop exports and provides the government several million pesos in annual revenues.

Mill owners take the sugarcane crop at contract prices or on established price for the season. Payments are made to each grower according to sucrose content of the cane as determined in sugar.

In Calaca, Batangas, the farmers are largely dependent on sugarcane production for their livelihood. It can be observed that each year the area planted to sugarcane increa-

^{1/} E. B. Alexander et al, Southern Field Crop Enterprises, (S.B. Lippincott Pub. Company: Chicago, Philadelphia, 1938), p. 443, serial in Bulletin, April, 1974, p. 15.