PERCEPTION AND PREPARATIONS OF HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGERS AND READINESS OF MANUFACTURING COMPANIES TO ASEAN INTEGRATION IN SELECTED AREAS OF CAVITE

THESIS

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ABSTRACT

HERPACIO, CATHERINE L., KAPANGYARIHAN, HENISIE T., MIEL ALLEXANDREA ANNE T. Perception and Preparation of Human Resource Managers and Readiness of Manufacturing Companies to ASEAN Integration in selected area of Cavite. Undergraduate Thesis. Bachelor of Science in Business Management Major in Human Resource Development Management. Cavite State University, Indang, Cavite, April 2016. Adviser: Dr. Florindo C. Ilagan.

This study was conducted from November 2015 to March 2016 to determine the perception and preparation of human resource managers to ASEAN Integration and readiness of manufacturing companies in selected area of Cavite. The study aimed to determine the demographic profile, the perception and the preparations made by human resource managers with respect to the ASEAN Integration, the degree of preparation, the readiness of manufacturing companies to ASEAN Integration and the significant relationship between perception and preparation of human resource managers to ASEAN Integration.

A questionnaire was used to gather data from 100 participants with the use of a survey questionnaire developed by the researches. Frequency count, percentage, mean and standard deviation were used in the analysis. Spearman rank was used to test the hypothesis.

Results showed that the human resource managers in manufacturing companies were mostly in their 40s, majority were female, married, with bachelor's degree and working in the company at most 8 years.

Human resource managers were found to have a positive perception of ASEAN Integration and they have moderate preparation in view of this event.

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INTRODUCTION

In the year 2016, Filipinos can freely move for work anywhere in the 10 countries that comprise the Association of Southeast Asian Nations or better known as ASEAN. The opportunities for the job seeker are getting better and bigger when ASEAN member countries integrate into one economic community. The ASEAN economic community, as envisioned by ASEAN leaders in 2007, aims to have a single market for all members characterized by free flow of goods, free flow of services, free flow of investment, free flow of capital and free flow of skilled labor. However, their development can also be a challenge that the business owner will encounter like challenge of poor quality in terms of labor standards.

ASEAN was formed in 1967 by Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, and Thailand. Brunei joined in 1984, followed by Vietnam in 1995, Laos and Burma in 1997