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FAMILY COMMUNICATION PATTERNS OF OVERSEAS FILIPINO WORKERS

Undergraduate Thesis
Submitted to the Faculty of the
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In partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree Bachelor of Arts in Journalism



Family communication patterns of Overseas Filipino Workers 302.2 B76 2017 T-6895

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ABSTRACT

BRIER, STEPHANIE B. and LAMBO, CRISELLE MAE S. Family Communication Patterns of Overseas Filipino Workers. Undergraduate Thesis. Bachelor of Arts in Journalism. Cavite State University, Indang, Cavite. May 2017. Adviser: Ms. Lisette D. Mendoza

The purpose of the study was to identify the Family Communication Pattern among the OFW families that were member of OFW Daine I and II Association in Barangay Daine I and II in Indang, Cavite. Thus communication pattern were determined using the revised communication pattern instrument (modified).

The study was conducted January 2017 to February 2017 in Daine, Indang, Cavite. A 23-item questionnaire was completed by 121 participants from OFW Daine I and II Association.

Based on the results majority of the participants used cellphones as their communication tool with their love ones abroad. OFW families in Barangay Daine I and II used the social media application facebook/ messenger to communicate everyday with their OFW family member abroad.

Majority of the participants of OFW Daine I and II Association had consensual family type. Therefore, the participants had high level of conformity and conversation orientation. The family members tend to talk about the problems and they would resolve it altogether. But in the end, the parents would be followed by the children.

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FAMILY COMMUNICATION PATTERNS OF OVERSEAS FILIPINO WORKERS

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INTRODUCTION

Face-to-face communication is the preferred mode of communication among all the families in the Philippines because of strong family ties. However, for long-distance communication, tools and gadgets were necessary to sustain the harmonious relationship of a family. The selection and usage of these communication tools used by the families mainly depended on cost, accessibility of internet connection, and household income. Skills used in communication tools, on the other hand, as stated by Bernal (2009), were influenced by age, education, household income and exposure to communication devices. Because of these tools, communicating and reaching the world is now one click away.

Together with the advancement and enhancement of technology as well as the development of communication, staying across the country's boarder is not difficult and lonesome. The country's development goes the same with the rapid increase of Filipino workers abroad and the increase of opportunities in different countries around the globe