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RESPONSE OF BELL PERSONS TO ORGANIC FERTILIZIES

THESIS

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RESPONSE OF BELL PEPPER TO ORGANIC FERTILIZERS

A Thesis

Submitted to the Faculty of the

Don Severino Agricultural College

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Response of bell pepper to organic fertilizers 635 643 Sr3 1978 T-140

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ABSTRACT

The response of bell pepper to organic fertilizer was determined by using different kinds of organic fertilizers in comparing the effect with regard to fruit and agronomic characteristics, and yield. Highly significant differences were obtained with reference to the average height of plants at flowering stage in centimeter, percentage fruit setting, production of marketable fruits, weight, and marketability. Significant results as to the average polar diameter of marketable fruits were observed.

Based on the results, the greatest number of marketable fruits was obtained in Treatment 1 (chicken manure) with a mean of 71.00 fruits per sixty four plants and the smallest number was in Treatment 5 (control) with only 32.50 fruits per sixty four plants.

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RESPONSE OF BELL PEPPER TO ORGANIC FERTILIZERS 1

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INTRODUCTION

The pepper <u>Capsicum annum</u>, Linn is a perfectflowered annual, belonging to the family Solanaceae. It
is one of the most common vegetable crops in the Philippines. For many years the pepper has been grown on a
small scale in home gardens for use in mixed pickles. It
is an important component of the Filipino diet which can
be produced locally in a short time. The plant grows one
to two and a half feet tall, with smooth, glossy somewhat
elongated heart-shaped leaves. The flowers are usually
dull and are borne singly. Most varieties are green when
immature and red when ripe. Plants are successfully grown
without organic matter in the soil, as in pure sand
cultures and also in water culture. In practical food
production, an adequate content of organic matter in the