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PRICING STRATEGIES OF FRUIT VENDORS IN SELECTED TOWNS OF CAVITE

THESIS

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ABSTRACT

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The study was conducted in selected towns of Cavite namely: Alfonso, Dasmariñas, Imus, Indang, Silang, Tagaytay City and Trece Martirez City. It aimed to determine the socio-economic characteristics of fruit vendors, pricing strategies used, the differences among the pricing strategies used, common problems encountered and feasible solutions.

A total of 100 respondents were interviewed. The data were gathered through personal interviews with the respondents using a structural interview schedule from January to February 2004.

The ages of the respondents ranged from 17 to 71 years old with an average of 36 years. A great number of respondents were married and obtained high school education. Most of them had been in business for 1 to 5 years. The average capital investment of fruit vendors was P4,630.39 and majority of the fruit vendors has one stall and some were floating. Most of the respondents used cost oriented pricing were price set according to the unit price.

Among the socio-economic characteristics, household size, sex and starting capital were found to be significantly related to the total sales.

The problems mentioned by fruit vendors were spoiling of fruits, high cost of fruits, location and shortage of supply.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
TITLE PAGE	i
APPROVAL SHEET.	ii
BIOGRAPHICAL DATA	iii
ACKNOWLEDGMENT	iv
ABSTRACT	v
LIST OF TABLES	vi
INTRODUCTION	1
Statement of the Problem	2
Objectives of the Study	2
Importance of the Study	3
Definition of Terms.	4
REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE	
CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK	7
METHODOLOGY	9
Time and Place of the Study	9
Sampling Procedure	9
Collection of Data	10
Method of Analysis	10

	Page
Hypothesis	11
Level of Significance	11
Scope and Limitation of the Study	11
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
Socio-Demographic Characteristics of Fruit Vendors	12
Capital Investment of Fruit Vendors	13
Pricing Strategies Used by Fruit Vendors	16
Total Sales of Fruits	16
Average Selling Price of Fruits	19
Cost per Box of Fruits Bought from the Supplier	19
Summary of the Relationship between selected Characteristics	20
Relationship between Household size and the Total Sales	21
Relationship between Sex of the Fruit Vendors and Total Sales	22
Relationship between Capital Investment and Total Sales	23
Common Problems Encountered by Fruit Vendors	24
SUMMARY, CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION	25
Summary	25
Conclusion	26
Recommendation	26
RIRI IOGRAPHY	27

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
1	Distribution of respondents by town	9
2	Socio-demographic characteristics of fruit vendors in selected towns of Cavite	14
3	Capital Investment of Fruit Vendors	15
4	Pricing strategies used by Fruit vendors	16
5	Total Sales of fruits in One-month Period of selling	18
6	Average Selling Price of Fruits	19
7	Average Cost of Fruits bought from the Supplier	20
8	Summary of the Relationship between the selected Characteristics and the Total Sales of Fruit Vendors	21
9	Relationship Between Household size and Total Sales of Fruit Vendors in selected Towns of Cavite	22
10	Relationship Between Sex and Total Sales of Fruit Vendors in selected Towns of Cavite	22
11	Relationship Between Capital Investment and Total Sales of Fruit Vendors in selected Towns of Cavite	23
12	Common problems encountered by fruit vendors	24

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INTRODUCTION

Fruit is the ripened ovary of a flower, either by itself or in combination with other structures that have matured with it as a unit. This botanical definition applies both to things popularly called "fruits", generally sweet fleshy foods such as apples, grapes, banana, etc. (Encyclopedia Americana, 1998).

Prices on free markets reflect the balancing of demand and supply. While it should never be assumed that demand for fruits will remain constant, fluctuation in the supply side are generally much greater. A combination of factors affects on fruit supplies in the first instance, the area planted, the climate, and producers ability to control pest and diseases. For most fruits, the area planted to commercial production changes only slowly. Fluctuations in the short-run market supply affect the price of the product. Climatic condition adversely affect the supply of the product especially during the time