FACTORS AFFECTING THE COURSE PREFERENCE AMONG SELECTED SENIOR STUDENTS OF HIGH SCHOOL IN INDANG, CAVITE SY 2005-2006

Undergraduate Thesis
Submitted to the Faculty of the
Cavite State University
Indang, Cavite

In partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Psychology

MYLENE GENIL DOCTORA April 2006

ABSTRACT

DOCTORA, MYLENE GENIL, Descriptive study, Bachelor of Science in Psychology, Cavite State University, Indang, Cavite, April 2006. Factors affecting the course preference among selected senior students of high school in Indang, Cavite SY 2005-2006. Adviser: Mr. Renato T. Agdalpen.

The study entitled "Factors affecting the course preference among selected senior students of high school in Indang, Cavite SY 2005-2006" was conducted in selected secondary schools in Indang, Cavite from November 2005 to January 2006. The study aimed to: 1) determine the demographic profile of the respondent students in terms of age, gender, civil status and course preference; 2) identify the factors that affect the course preference of the respondent students in terms of family factors, economic factors, social factors, and school factors; and 3) find out the significant effects to the course preference of the respondent.

A total of 174 respondents which was eighty percent (80%) from each school, fifty nine (59) from CvSU Science High School, thirty two (32) from Indang National High School, forty (40) from Saint Gregory Academy, and forty three (43) from Perpetual Cavite Institute were considered in this study.

Based on the findings most of the respondents age range from 15-16 years, female and all of them were single. Furthermore, majority of the respondents ranked nursing as first preferred course of the respondents. Engineering ranked second and psychology ranked third. Moreover, the result shows that forty eight (48) or twenty eight percent (28%) of the respondents from Cavite State University Science high school preferred to study at University of the Philippines. Forty two (42) or twenty four percent (24%) of the respondents from Perpetual Cavite Institute and Indang National high school preferred to study at Cavite State University and twenty five (25) or fourteen percent (14%) of the respondents from Saint Gregory Academy preferred to study at De La Salle University.

On the whole, the study shows that family factors such as order of birth and family involvement in the course preference have a significant effect on the course preference of students. Economic factors such as employment status of parents and monthly income of parents also show a significant effect with computed X^2 of 57.964 and 0.5 respectively. Furthermore, school factor like the type of school they want to enroll determines a significant relationship on course preference. In terms of social factor, the source of course information also identifies a significant effect with computed X^2 of 103.043 and contingency coefficient of 0.61.

Based on the findings, the researcher concludes that all factors affect in the course preference in college. It was supported that family factors, economic factors, social factors and school factors that there is a significant effect on the course preference among selected senior students of high school in Indang, Cavite.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
BIOGRAPHICAL DATA	iii
ACKNOWLEDGMENT	V
ABSTRACT	vii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	ix
LIST OF TABLES	xi
LIST OF APPENDICES	xii
INTRODUCTION	1
Objectives of the Study	2
Statement of the Problem	3
Hypothesis	3
Significance of the Study	4
Scope and Limitations of the Study	5
Time and Place of the Study	5
Definition of Terms	6
Theoretical Framework	8
Conceptual Framework	9
REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE	10
METHODOLOGY	15
Research Design	15
Sampling Technique	15

Collection of Data	16
Method of Analysis	17
INTERPRETATION PRESENTATION AND DISCUSSION	19
SUMMARY, CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	33
Summary	33
Conclusion	35
Recommendations	35
BIBLIOGRAPHY	37
APPENDICES	39