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MAXIMIZING PRODUCTION OF COMM BY INTERCROPPING WITH PEANUT UNDER LOWLAND CONDITION

FARM PRACTICE REPORT

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April room

MAXIMIZING PRODUCTION OF CORN BY INTERCROPPING WITH PEANUT UNDER LOWLAND CONDITION

A FARM PRACTICE REPORT

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by
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ABSTRACT

Bendo, Nocelito F., Don Severino Agricultural College, Indang, Cavite. MAXIMIZING PRODUCTION OF CORN BY INTERCROPPING WITH PEANUT UNDER LOWLAND CONDITION. Mr. Celso S. Crucido, Adviser.

This farm practice project entitled, Maximizing Production of Corn by Intercropping with Peanut Under Lowland Condition was conducted at Palangue, Naic, Cavite from November 1990 to February 1991. The general objective of the project was to maximize production of corn by intercropping it with peanut and to develop the managerial skills of the student in preparation for the conduct of his business in the future.

An area of 1,500 square meter was prepared by two times plowing and harrowing with an interval of two weeks to allow weed seeds to germinate and undergo decomposition.

Corn was harvested 70 days after planting and was sold green. Peanut was harvested 110 days after planting and was sun-dried and shelled immediately. Both crops were marketed at Indang Public Market.

Nine hundred corn ears were harvested and were sold at \$\mathcal{P}\$ 1.00/ ear. On the other hand, peanut produced 30 gantas which was sold at \$\mathcal{P}\$ 60.00/ ganta. The gross sale from peanut and corn was \$\mathcal{P}\$ 2,700. After

deducting the over all expenses of \$\mathbb{P}\$ 1,646.24, the project gave a total net income of \$\mathbb{P}\$ 1,053.76.

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