

PROPOSED DESIGN OF A PROTOTYPE
MULTILEVEL AQUAPONICS FARM
IN PULILAN, BULACAN

Design Project

JOHN MARK A. DULFO
EDYCHRIS E. RIVERA

College of Engineering and Information Technology
CAVITE STATE UNIVERSITY
Indang, Cavite

June 2018

**PROPOSED DESIGN OF A PROTOTYPE MULTI-LEVEL AQUAPONICS
FARM IN PULILAN, BULACAN**

Undergraduate Design Project
Submitted to the Faculty of the
College of Engineering and Information Technology
Cavite State University
Indang, Cavite

In partial fulfillment
of the requirements for the degree
Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering



**JOHN MARK A. DULFO
EDYCHRIS E. RIVERA**

June 2018

ABSTRACT

DULFO, JOHN MARK A. and RIVERA, EDYCHRIS E. Proposed Design of a Prototype Multi-Level Aquaponics Farm in Pulilan, Bulacan. Undergraduate Design Project. Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering, Cavite state University, Indang, Cavite. June 2018. Adviser: Engr. Cene M. Bago.

The study entitled “Proposed Design of a Prototype Multi-Level Aquaponics Farm in Pulilan, Bulacan” was conducted at Cavite State University – Main Campus.

Rice is considered as the most important food crop in the Philippines. It is the main staple food in the country. However, the rice production of the country still cannot accommodate its demand. A recent study entitled “Cultivar: A Proposed Prototype Multi-Level Rice-Fish Aquaponics Farm” by Rivera, E. E. (2016) aimed to increase the rice production through vertical farming which maximizes the use of land for rice farming. This inspired the authors to design a multi-level aquaponics farm that could primarily produce rice, and also capable of producing other farm crops. The main objective of the study was to design the structural plan for the prototype multi-level rice and fish aquaponics farm. The structure is a reinforced concrete designed, three-storey building with a roof deck. It has a total floor area of 1,512 square meters. The total cost estimate of the project was P43,242,495.25. The study provided the architectural plan, structural plan, electrical and plumbing layout and detailed cost estimate and specifications of the proposed project. The sizes of structural members were designed based on the maximum forces and moments obtained from the 2D STAAD analysis. The authors recommend the use of innovative architectural and structural concepts to lessen the impact of internal and external forces on the structure. The actual soil bearing capacity of the site in Pulilan, Bulacan was recommended to be used for further developments based on this study.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
APPROVAL SHEET	ii
BIOGRAPHICAL DATA	iii
ACKNOWLEDGMENT	v
PERSONAL ACKNOWLEDGMENT.....	vi
ABSTRACT.....	viii
LIST OF TABLES	xi
LIST OF APPENDIX TABLES	xii
LIST OF APPENDIX FIGURES	xiii
LIST OF APPENDICES	xvi
INTRODUCTION.....	1
Statement of the Problem.....	2
Objectives of the Study	2
Significance of the Study	3
Scope and Limitation of the Study.....	3
Time and Place of the Study	3
Definition of Terms.....	4
REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE	6
METHODOLOGY	14
Data Gathering	14
Development of Plans and Layouts	14
Preparation of STAAD Data.....	14

Design Computations and Analysis	15
Cost Estimate	34
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	35
Data Gathering	35
Development of Plans and Layouts	36
Preparation of STAAD Data.....	36
Design Computations and Analysis	36
Cost Estimate	38
SUMMARY, CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION	39
Summary	39
Conclusion	40
Recommendations.....	41
REFERENCES.....	42
APPENDICES.....	44

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
1	Coefficients for negative moments in slabs	16
2	Coefficients for dead load positive moments in slabs	16
3	Coefficients for live load positive moments in slabs	17

LIST OF APPENDIX TABLES

Appendix Table		Page
1	Load combinations.....	202
2	Aquaponics loads	202
3	Seismic considerations	202
4	Allowable soil pressure	203
5	Steel reinforcement information	204
6	Quantity of lumber for scaffolding or staging	204
7	Concrete proportions	204
8	Quantity of cement and sand for mortar and plaster in cu. meter	205
9	Quantity of cement and sand for CHB mortar per square meter	205
10	Length of reinforcing bars for CHB in meters	205
11	No. 16 G.I. tie wire for CHB reinforcement per square meter	206

LIST OF APPENDIX FIGURES

Appendix Figure		Page
1	Vicinity map.....	46
2	Site development map	47
3	Perspective	48
4	Ground floor plan.....	49
5	Second floor plan	50
6	Third floor plan.....	51
7	Roof deck plan	52
8	Roof plan.....	53
9	Front elevation	54
10	Rear elevation	55
11	Left side elevation.....	56
12	Right side elevation.....	57
13	Longitudinal section thru "X"	58
14	Cross section thru "Y"	59
15	Schedule of doors and window	60
16	Structural frame A.....	62
17	Structural frame B.....	63
18	Foundation plan	64
19	Second floor beam plan	65
20	Third floor beam plan	66

21	Roof deck beam plan	67
22	Details of two way slab 1	68
23	Details of two way slab 2.....	69
24	Details of slab on grade.....	70
25	Details of stairway	71
26	Details of ramp.....	72
27	Details of beams 1 and 2	73
28	Details of beams 3.....	74
29	Schedule of beams	75
30	Details of square column	76
31	Details of isolated footing 1	77
32	Details of isolated footing 2.....	78
33	Ground floor lighting layout	80
34	Second floor lighting layout.....	81
35	Third floor lighting layout	82
36	Roof deck lighting layout.....	83
37	Ground floor power layout.....	84
38	Second floor power layout.....	85
39	Third floor power layout.....	86
40	Roof deck power layout.....	87
41	Electrical legend.....	88
42	Ground floor water line layout.....	90
43	Second floor water line layout	91

44	Third floor water line layout.....	92
45	Roof deck water line layout	93
46	Ground floor sewage and drainage line layout	94
47	Second floor sewage and drainage line layout.....	95
48	Third floor sewage and drainage line layout.....	96
49	Roof deck sewage and drainage line layout.....	97
50	Plumbing legend	98

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix		Page
1	Architectural plans	45
2	Structural plans	61
3	Electrical layouts.....	79
4	Plumbing layouts	89
5	Design computations.....	99
6	List of tables.....	201
7	STAAD Analysis results.....	207
8	Cost estimate.....	210

PROPOSED DESIGN OF A PROTOTYPE MULTI-LEVEL AQUAPONICS FARM IN PULILAN, BULACAN

**John Mark A. Dulfo
Edychrist E. Rivera**

An undergraduate design project submitted to the faculty of the Department of Civil Engineering, College of Engineering and Information Technology, Cavite State University, Indang, Cavite, in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering with Contribution No. CEIT-2017-18-2-_____. Prepared under the supervision of Engr. Cene M. Bago.

INTRODUCTION

Rice is considered as the most important food crop in the Philippines. It is the main staple food in the country. Half of the population in the Philippines was roughly calculated consuming rice. Since majority of the Filipinos consume rice on a daily basis, rice is embedded in the Philippine history and culture.

Rice is well-suited in the Philippines, a tropical country that is surrounded by water. However, the rice production of the country still cannot accommodate its demand. The three main factors that cause insufficiency of rice production in the Philippines are: population growth, urbanization of farm lands, and the process of rice product transportation. Given these factors, the production of rice should be increased by increasing the rice fields while consuming less land area. Also, the rice fields should be located near market areas to lessen transportation losses. With all these considerations, a study of a prototype multi-level rice and fish aquaponics farm was conducted.