

**ANTIFUNGAL ACTIVITY OF *Caesalpinia sappan* (Sappan wood) AND  
*Samanea saman* (Rain tree) EXTRACTS ON *Candida albicans***

**THESIS**

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## ABSTRACT

**HERNANDEZ, SHARLYN MHAY V. and TORRES, AINNAH MARIELLE O.**  
**Antifungal Activity of *Caesalpinia sappan* (Sappan wood) and *Samanea saman* (Rain tree) Extracts on *Candida albicans*.** Undergraduate Thesis. Bachelor of Science in Medical Technology. Cavite State University, Indang, Cavite. November 2016. Adviser: Dr. Adelaida E. Sangalang.

The study was conducted from May to July 2016 in Department of Biological Sciences- College of Arts and Sciences, Cavite State University, Indang Cavite and De la Salle University- Dasmariñas City, Cavite. Generally, it aimed to determine the effect of the individual and combined antifungal activity of *Caesalpinia sappan* and *Samanea saman* extracts to *Candida albicans*. Specifically, the study aimed to: determine the inhibitory effect of *C. sappan* extracts against *C. albicans*; determine the inhibitory effect of *S. saman* extracts against *C. albicans*; determine the inhibitory effect of the combination of *C. sappan* and *S. saman*; and to compare the antifungal activity of the plant extracts with the commercially available antifungal agent.

Antifungal susceptibility test was performed through disc diffusion method. The results from the experiment showed that almost all plant part extracts have inhibitory effect against the growth of *Candida albicans*. All parts of *C. sappan* plant exhibited antifungal effect. Only the leaf extracts of *S. saman* showed inhibitory effect against the test organism. *Candida albicans* was found to be susceptible to combined bark and heartwood aqueous extracts only. The commercially available antifungal agent, showed intermediate inhibitory effect against *Candida albicans*.

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An undergraduate thesis submitted to the faculty of the Department of Medical Technology, College of Nursing, Cavite State University, Indang, Cavite in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Medical Technology with Contribution No. SP CON MT- 2017- 12, Prepared under the supervision of Dr. Adelaida E. Sangalang.

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### **INTRODUCTION**

In tropical and temperate countries, such as in the Philippines, the skin's health of many people can be compromised due to several factors. One of those is the involvement of microorganisms such as some fungi. Different types of fungi live and grow on human skin. Majority of them aren't dangerous; however, when they multiply uncontrollably due to several factors, some can cause infections. One of those potentially harmful organisms is *Candida*. It can cause an infection in the skin, known as *candidiasis* or *cutaneous candidiasis*. It has been reported that isolates of *Candida albicans* accounts for 50%-90% of fungal infections (Martins *et al.* 2015). Babies, adolescents, and even adults, especially the immunocompromised ones are being affected. Moreover, if not treated immediately, *Candida* infections can spread to areas inside the human body, leading to systemic infections.