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**RELATIONSHIP OF INDUSTRIALIZATION
THE PRODUCTIVITY OF MULTIPLE CROP
FARMS IN TAGAYTAY CITY**

**RESEARCH STUDY
APPLIED RESEARCH IV**

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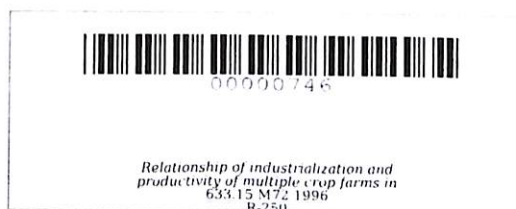
**DON SEVERINO AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE
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RELATIONSHIP OF INDUSTRIALIZATION AND
PRODUCTIVITY OF MULTIPLE CROP
FARMS IN TAGAYTAY CITY

A Research Study Submitted to the Faculty of
the Agricultural Science Department of the
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In Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements
in Applied Research IV



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ABSTRACT

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"Relationship of Industrialization to the Productivity of
Multiple Crop Farms in Tagaytay City."

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This research study aims to determine: (1) the effects of industrialization to the productivity of multiple crop farms in Tagaytay City (2) the opinions and viewpoints of the farmers about industrialization and practice of multiple crop farming and (3) to test if relationship exist between the criterion variables and socio-economic characteristics of the farmer-respondents.

The average age of the respondents was 51 years. Their average monthly income was ₱1,902. Majority of the respondents finished elementary level of schooling while some of them reached the secondary level. They mostly belong to 5-7 family members with an average size of six members. Most of the farmers started farming at their very young age. The respondents have been engaging in farming for 28 years. About half of the farmers are lessees and tenants, 44 percent are owner-operators and only seven percent are part-owners.

More than one half of the respondents were in favor with the continuous practice of multiple crop

farming than the industrialization process while the rest of the respondents were not in favor. The eight socio-economic characteristics of the farmers included in the study did not respond well towards industrialization and multiple cropping. Hence, the null hypothesis of the study that there were no significant relationship existing between variables was accepted.

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by

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CHAPTER I

THE PROBLEM AND ITS SETTING

Introduction

Today, our country has come to the point of meeting the rapid changes brought by each advancing year. History recalls how our people do their work using their bare hands. Now, more people have shifted on using tools and machines which make their work easier. The main defining feature of this was the dramatic increase in per capita production that was made possible by the mechanization of manufacturing and other processes that were carried out in factories. Its main social impact was that it changed an agrarian society