253.52 M67 2007

PHIC PROFILE AND PERCEPTED FACTORS AFFECTING PASTORAL WORK OF SELECTED PRIESTS FROM THE DIOCESE OF IMUS

THESIS

RUBY MAY T. MIRANDA

College of Arts and Sciences

CAVITESTATE UNIVERSITY

Indang, Cavite

April 2007

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE AND PERCEIVED FACTORS AFFECTING THE PASTORAL WORK OF SELECTED PRIESTS FROM THE DIOCESE OF IMUS

Undergraduate Thesis
Submitted to the Faculty of
Cavite State University
Indang, Cavite

In partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Psychology



Demographic profile and perceived factors affecting the pastoral work of selected 253.52 M67 2007 T-3522

Ruby May T. Miranda April 2007



Republic of the Philippines CAVITE STATE UNIVERSITY Don Severino Del as Alas Campus Indang, Cavite



COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES Department of Social Sciences and Humanities

Thesis of: RUBY MAY T. MIRANDA

Title: DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE AND PERCEIVED FACTORS AFFECTING THE PASTORAL WORK OF SELECTED PRIESTS FROM THE DIOCESE OF IMUS.

APPROVED:

RENATO	T.	AGDALPEN
141111111111111111111111111111111111111	•	/

/Adviser

MARY ROSELLE C. GANA _ Technical Critic

Department Chairman

04/20/07

JOSEFINA R. RINT

College Research

Coordinator

Note:

Original copy to be filled in the University Library and one copy each to be distributed to the following: Adviser, Technical Critic, College Research Coordinator, College Library, and Thesis Student.

ABSTRACT

MIRANDA, RUBY MAY T. "Demographic Profile and Perceived Factors Affecting the Pastoral Work of Selected Priest from the Diocese of Imus" Undergraduate Thesis. Bachelor of Science in Psychology, Cavite State University, Indang, Cavite. April 2007. Adviser: Renato T. Agdalpen.

This study analyzed and determined demographic profile and perceived factors affecting the pastoral work of selected priests from the diocese of Imus, conducted from November 2006 to February 2007. Study determined the demographic profile of priests in terms of the following: age, years in the ministry, parish classification, clerical status and highest educational attainment. Furthermore, study also determined the extent of the perceived factors affecting the pastoral work of the priest respondents in terms of societal, economical, and psychological factors, as well as the significant relation between the demographic profile and the perceived factors affecting the pastoral work of the priest respondents.

Purposive sampling procedure was used to determine the respondents. A self-made questionnaire was used to determine the demographic profile and position of the priest respondents on the perceived factors that may affect their pastoral work. Correlation was determined with the used of statistical method, particularly chi-square and correlation coefficient.

The respondents of this study were 32 selected priests from the diocese of Imus, where 14 or 43.8 percent belonged to age 39 and below, 11 or 34.4 percent were 40-49 years of age, while 7 or 21.9 percent belonged to 50 years old and above. Demographic profile show significant effect on the perceived factors. However, only parish classification shows no significant effects on perceived psychological and economical factors in 0.01 significance.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
BIOGRAPHICAL DATA	i
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	ii
ABSTRACT	iv
TABLE OF CONTENTS	vi
List of Tables	vii
List of Appendices	viii
INTRODUCTION	. 1
Statement of the Problem	. 3
Objectives of the Study	. 4
Significance of the Study	5
Hypothesis	6
Time and Place of the Study	6
Scope and Limitations	6
Definition of Terms	8
Theoretical Concept	10
Conceptual Framework	12
REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURES	13
METHODOLOGY	27
Research Design	
Sampling Procedure	27

Collection of Data	. 27
Methods of Analysis	. 28
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION OF DATA	. 30
SUMMARY, CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION	. 41
BIBLIOGRAPHY	. 44
APPENDICES	46

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
1	Distribution of the respondents according to age	30
2	Distribution of respondents according to years in the ministry	31
3	Distribution of respondents according to parish classification	. 31
4	Distribution of respondents according to clerical status	. 32
5	Distribution of respondents according to educational attainment	. 33
6	Societal factors affecting the pastoral work of the priest respondents	. 33
7	Psychological factors affecting the pastoral work of the priest respondents	. 35
8	Economical factors affecting the pastoral work of the priest respondents	. 36
9	Relationship of age to the perceived factors affecting the pastoral work of priest respondents	38
10	Relationship of years in the ministry to the perceived factors affecting the pastoral work of priests	38
11	Relationship of parish classification to the perceived factors affecting the pastoral work of priests	39
12	Relationship of clerical status to the perceived factors affecting the pastoral work of priests	39
13	Relationship of educational attainment to the perceived factors affecting the pastoral work of priests	40

LIST OF APPENDICES

		Page
Appendix Table		
A	Letter to Respondent	44
В	Endorsement letter from the Bishop of Imus	45
C	Questionnaire on demographic profile and perceived factors	46
D	Curriculum Vitae	50

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE AND PERCEIVED FACTORS AFFECTING THE PASTORAL WORK OF SELECTED PRIESTS FROM THE DIOCESE OF IMUS

Ruby May T. Miranda

Thesis presented to the faculty of the Department of Social Sciences and Humanities, in partial fulfillment of the requirements for graduation with the degree of Bachelor of Science in Psychology with Contribution No.P-2007-039. Prepared under the supervision of Mr. Renato T. Agdalpen.

INTRODUCTION

Various issues, facts, and insights were published by the laity and the priest themselves regarding matters concerning the recent behavior of the clergy all over the world. Some articles that were published concern the subject of sexual misconducts, homosexuality, and other scandals that had shaken the entire religious community. On the contrary, there are also articles regarding priest testimonials on spirituality, news on how the clergy launched projects concerning evangelization and other pastoral works and accomplishments.

Priesthood is a man's response to God's call to holiness. Thus, priesthood means to live toward holiness. All the preaching, programs, and projects of a priest simply tend to holiness as their goal and end. Furthermore, priestly life is directed towards holiness which is simply being in communion with God.

Since a kid, the researcher often meets some priests and seminarians in their diocese. Some of them became her friends who have shared some grievances and personal crises experienced related to their chosen vocation. Equally, she met some lay parishioners in the diocese who also have grievances and complaints to some of the priests they know.