

BACKYARD HOG FATTENING PROJECT IN BRGY. BILOG,
ALFONSO, CAVITE: AN ENTREPRENEURIAL
DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

Entrepreneurial Development Project

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CAVITE: AN ENTREPRENEURIAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECT**

**Entrepreneurial Development Project Report
Submitted to the Faculty of the
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**In partial fulfillment
of the requirements for the degree
Bachelor of Agricultural Entrepreneurship**

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ABSTRACT

COSINO, KARL MCJEORGE M. Backyard Hog Fattening Project in Brgy, Bilog, Alfonso, Cavite an Entrepreneurial Development Project. Bachelor in Agricultural Entrepreneurship major in Animal Production. Cavite State University, Indang, Cavite. Adviser: Mrs .Abigail P. Daria.

The swine production project was conducted at Brgy, Bilog, Alfonso , Cavite from December 18, 2018 to March 31, 2019. The project aimed to perform the management practices involved in rearing fattener hogs, apply agribusiness practices in swine production and derive profit from a small scale hog fattening project.

The swine production project used four weanlings with an average weight of 17.5kg, which were purchased from a backyard farm at Brgy, Buckestate, Alfonso, Cavite. The feeds were bought from a feed supply at Brgy. Luksuhin, Alfonso, Cavite. The project involved different activities starting from the preparation of the housing and equipment, purchase of stocks and feeds, waste management as well as harvesting and marketing.

At the end of rearing period, the project incurred a total cost of Php 38,685.00 with the total sales of Php 48,160.00. It realized a net income of Php 9,475.00 from the four hogs sold on live weight basis. The return on investment (ROI) was 24.49%. The hogs recorded 793.26 grams on average daily gain and feed conversion efficiency of 2.42.

The project was profitable and it enabled the student entrepreneur to gain managerial and operational skills through actual operation.

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INTRODUCTION

Hog raising was the top livestock raising activity in all provinces of CALABARZON, with Batangas sharing the highest number of hogs tended (more than half of the total for the region). However, the next top livestock raising activity varied from one province to another (Philippine Statistics Authority, 2017).

The challenges faced by our country in securing the food as well as nutritional security to fast growing population need an integrated approach in livestock farming. Among the various livestock species, swine is considered to be the most potential source for meat production. Pigs are very efficient feed converters. Apart from providing meat, it is also a source of bristles and manure. Pig farming provides employment opportunities to seasonally employed rural farmers and can give supplementary income to improve their living standards (PCAARD-DOST, 2018).